PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

## **HOUSE MOTION**

## MR. SPEAKER:

I move that House Bill 1264 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
2	paragraph and insert:
3	"SECTION 1. IC 9-24-15-6.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001,
4	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The court shall grant a petition for a
6	restricted driving permit filed under this chapter if all of the following
7	conditions exist:
8	(1) The person was not convicted of one (1) or more of the
9	following:
0	(A) A Class D felony under IC 9-30-5-4 before July 1, 1996,
1	or a Class D felony or a Class C felony under IC 9-30-5-4 after
12	June 30, 1996.
13	(B) A Class C felony under IC 9-30-5-5 before July 1, 1996,
4	or a Class C felony or a Class B felony under IC 9-30-5-5 after
15	June 30, 1996.
16	(2) The person's driving privileges were suspended under
17	IC 9-30-6-9(b) or IC 35-48-4-15.
18	(3) The driving that was the basis of the suspension was not in
19	connection with the person's work.
20	(4) The person does not have a previous conviction for operating
21	while intoxicated.
22	(5) The person is participating in a rehabilitation program certified

by either the division of mental health and addiction or the Indiana judicial center as a condition of the person's probation.

- (b) The person filing the petition for a restricted driving permit shall include in the petition the information specified in subsection (a) in addition to the information required by sections 3 through 4 of this chapter.
- (c) Whenever the court grants a person restricted driving privileges under this chapter, that part of the court's order granting probationary driving privileges:
  - (1) shall not take effect until the person's driving privileges have been suspended for at least thirty (30) days under IC 9-30-6-9; or
  - (2) notwithstanding IC 9-30-6-9, shall take effect immediately if the person consents to the issuance of an order by the court prohibiting the person from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.

An ignition interlock device is required as a condition of probationary driving privileges under subdivision (2) for the entire duration of the probationary driving privileges.".

Page 5, line 10, after "may" insert ", as an alternative to a license suspension under subsection (c)(1),".

Page 5, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 8. IC 9-30-6-8.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: **Sec. 8.7. (a) A person commits a Class B infraction if the person:** 

- (1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified ignition interlock device; and
- (2) is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under section 8(d) of this chapter.
- (b) A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person:
  - (1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified ignition interlock device; and
  - (2) knows the person is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under section 8(d) of this chapter.".

40 Page 9, after line 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 15. IC 9-30-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) If the court enters an order conditionally deferring charges under section 3 of this chapter, the court may do the following:

22.

- (1) Suspend the person's driving privileges for at least two (2) years but not more than four (4) years.
- (2) Impose other appropriate conditions, including the payment of fees imposed under section 8 of this chapter.
- (b) Notwithstanding IC 9-30-6-9, the defendant may be granted probationary driving privileges only after the defendant's license has been suspended for at least one (1) year.
- (c) If a defendant has at least one (1) conviction for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the order granting probationary driving privileges under subsection (b) must prohibit the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.
- (d) If a defendant does not have a prior conviction for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the court may, as an alternative to a license suspension under subsection (a)(1), issue an order prohibiting the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8. An order requiring an ignition interlock device must remain in effect for at least two (2) years but not more than four (4) years.

SECTION 16. IC 9-30-9-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. (a) If the court refers a defendant to the program under section 6 of this chapter, the court may do the following:

- (1) Suspend the defendant's driving privileges for at least ninety (90) days but not more than four (4) years.
- (2) Impose other appropriate conditions.
- (b) The defendant may be granted probationary driving privileges only after the defendant's license has been suspended for at least thirty (30) days under IC 9-30-6-9.
- (c) If a defendant has at least one (1) conviction, including a conviction for the instant offense, for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the order granting probationary driving privileges under subsection (b) must prohibit the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.
- (d) If a defendant does not have a prior conviction for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the court may, as an alternative to a license suspension under subsection (a)(1), issue an order prohibiting the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8. An order requiring an ignition interlock device must remain in effect for at least two (2) years

but not more than four (4) years.

SECTION 17. IC 9-30-9-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: **Sec. 7.5. (a) A person commits a Class B infraction if the person:** 

- (1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified ignition interlock device; and
- (2) is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under section 5(d) or 7(d) of this chapter.
- (b) A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person:
  - (1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified ignition interlock device; and
  - (2) knows the person is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under section 5(d) or 7(d) of this chapter.

SECTION 18. IC 12-23-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) Subject to subsection (b), if a court enters an order conditionally deferring charges that involve a violation of IC 9-30-5, the court shall do the following:

- (1) Suspend the defendant's driving privileges for at least ninety (90) days but not more than two (2) years.
- (2) Impose other appropriate conditions.
- (b) A defendant may be granted probationary driving privileges only after the defendant's license has been suspended for at least thirty (30) days under IC 9-30-6-9.
- (c) If a defendant has at least one (1) conviction for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the order granting probationary driving privileges under subsection (b) must prohibit the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8.
- (d) If a defendant does not have a prior conviction for an offense under IC 9-30-5, the court may, as an alternative to a license suspension under subsection (a)(1), issue an order prohibiting the defendant from operating a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition interlock device under IC 9-30-8. An order requiring an ignition interlock device must remain in effect for at least two (2) years but not more than four (4) years.

SECTION 19. IC 12-23-5-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5.5. (a) A person commits a Class B infraction

1	if the person:
2	(1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified
3	ignition interlock device; and
4	(2) is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless the
5	motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified ignition
6	interlock device under section 5(d) of this chapter.
7	(b) A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person:
8	(1) operates a motor vehicle without a functioning certified
9	ignition interlock device; and
0	(2) knows the person is prohibited from operating a motor
1	vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with a
12	functioning certified ignition interlock device under section
13	5(d) of this chapter.".
14	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to HB 1264 as printed January 23, 2004.)

Representative Dvorak